

NASA's Contributions to the Gulf of Mexico Alliance

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Gulf of Mexico Program
Management Meeting
July 9, 2008

Decision Support through Earth Science Results



The NASA Vision

To improve life here, To extend life to there, To find life beyond.

The NASA Mission

To understand and protect our home planet, To explore the universe and search for life, To inspire the next generation of explorers ... as only NASA can.



Topics

The 30,000 foot view of NASA

- Earth Science at NASA
- Applied Sciences Program

To the microscopic level

- Coastal Initiative for the Gulf of Mexico
- ROSES Solicitation

Take Away



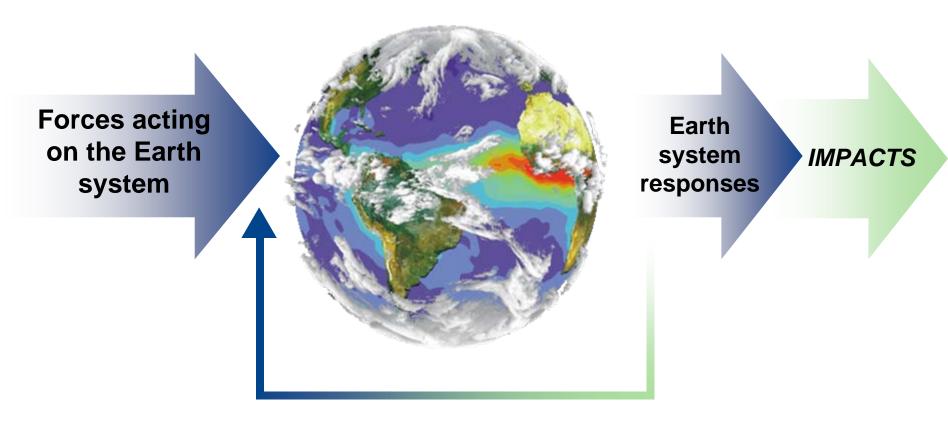
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NASA's remote sensing and science capability

NASA SSC is focused on Gulf of Mexico Alliance

We are looking for a few good Coastal Scientist

Earth Systems Science



Feedbacks

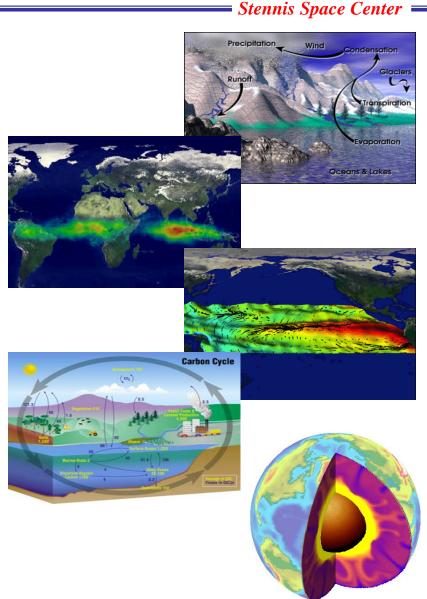
Of the total forcing of the climate system, 40% is due to the direct effect of greenhouse gases and aerosols, and 60% is from feedback effects, such as increasing concentrations of water vapor as temperature rises.



Earth Science Research Areas



- Climate Variability
- Atmospheric Composition
- Ecosystems & Carbon Cycle
- Water & Energy Cycle
- Weather Research
- Solid Earth Science





Current Missions: Direct Coastal Applications

Jason-1

- Ocean Surface Topography
- Ocean Circulation

• GRACE

Ocean Circulation

QuikSCAT

Wind speed and direction over the Earth's oceans

Terra and Aqua

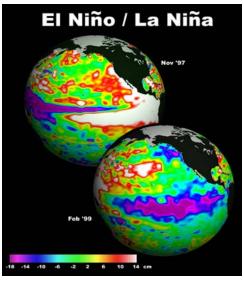
MODIS (harmful algal blooms, etc.)

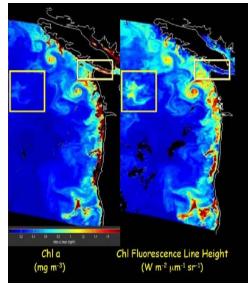
NPP

VIIRS (harmful algal blooms, etc.)

OSTM

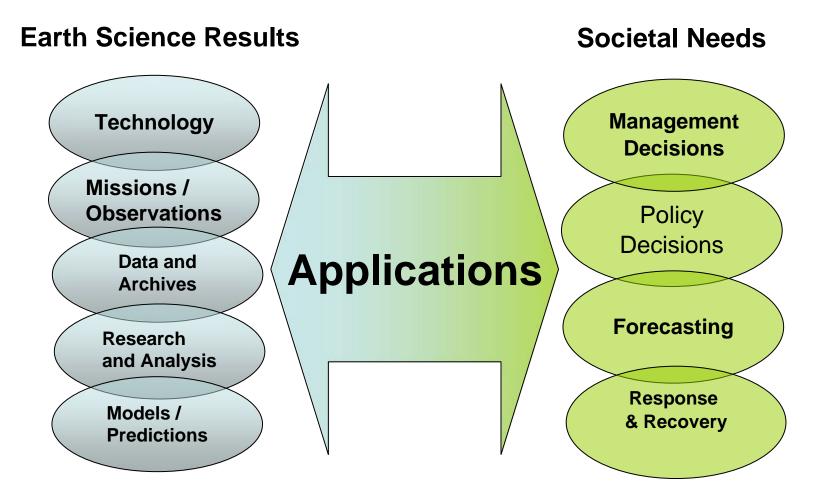
- Ocean Surface Topography
- Aquarius
- Sea surface salinity





NASA Earth Science Applications

Applied Sciences will work across the "gap" and will utilize all means to utilize Earth Science results, within the limits of NASA's mission





NASA Response to Governor Barbour



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Coastal Initiative Focused on Gulf of Mexico

- Product-driven approach to Gulf of Mexico issues
- Emphasis on NASA-SSC collaborations with GOMA Federal, State, and regional partners

Goals of NASA Gulf Coast Applications Program at SSC

- Focus NASA-SSC expertise, capability on coastal science to support Gulf management issues and NASA Applied Sciences Program strategy
- Strengthen collaborations and integrate projects with GOMA entities and other regional efforts
- Evaluate NASA and affiliated data and research results for Gulf of Mexico coastal management suitability

• Initial Projects

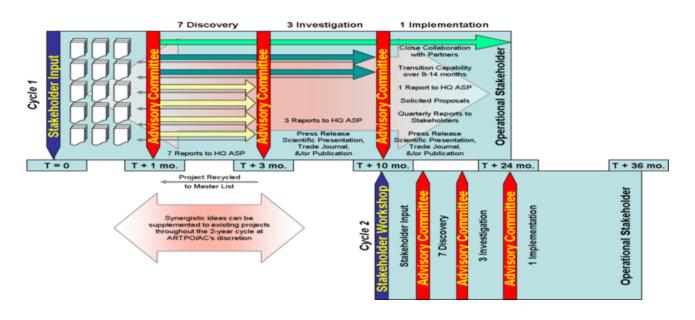
- Gulf of Mexico Alliance Applications Pilot: Assessing Land-Use Land-Cover Change in the Mobile Bay Region from 1972-Present
- Coastal Online Assessment and Synthesis Tool (COAST) data acquisition, display, and visualization in Gulf-wide or estuary format
- Integrated Approach to Hypoxia Assessment of the Northern Gulf Of Mexico



Methodology 7-3-1



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- Independent Steering Committee established (Oct 07)
- 28 one page proposals reviewed (Dec 07)
 7 selected for proposal development
- Select 4 for further development (Mar 08)
- Steering committee will meet again to review results of the "4" (Sept 08)



Four Investigation Projects



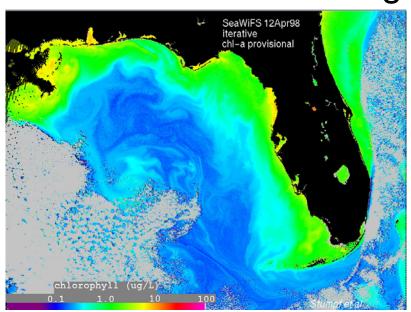
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- Estimating Intra-Annual Nutrient Loading in Streams and Rivers in Northern Gulf Catchments Using Remote Sensing Data Products and Watershed Models
- Use of NASA Satellite Data in Monitoring Gulf Coast Forest Conditions
- Coastal Marsh Monitoring for Persistent Saltwater Intrusion
- Standardized, Satellite-Derived Suspended Particulate Matter Product for Gulf of Mexico Coastal Waters

Coastal Management SEPA (



Predicting Algal Blooms



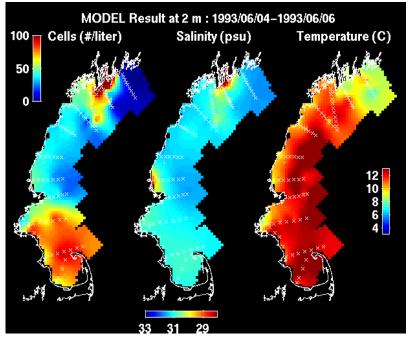
Future Capacity:

Prediction of bloom onset

POC: NRL/Bob Arnone 228-688-5268

Current Capacity:

Respond to bloom detection with bio-physical models using satellite data and *in situ* sampling to forecast trajectories and impacts



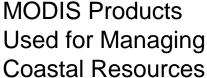
Oyster Reef Management in the Mississippi Sound



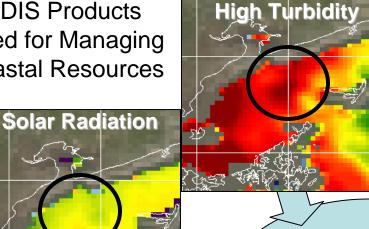




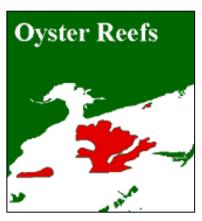




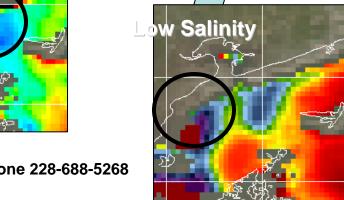
Low SST







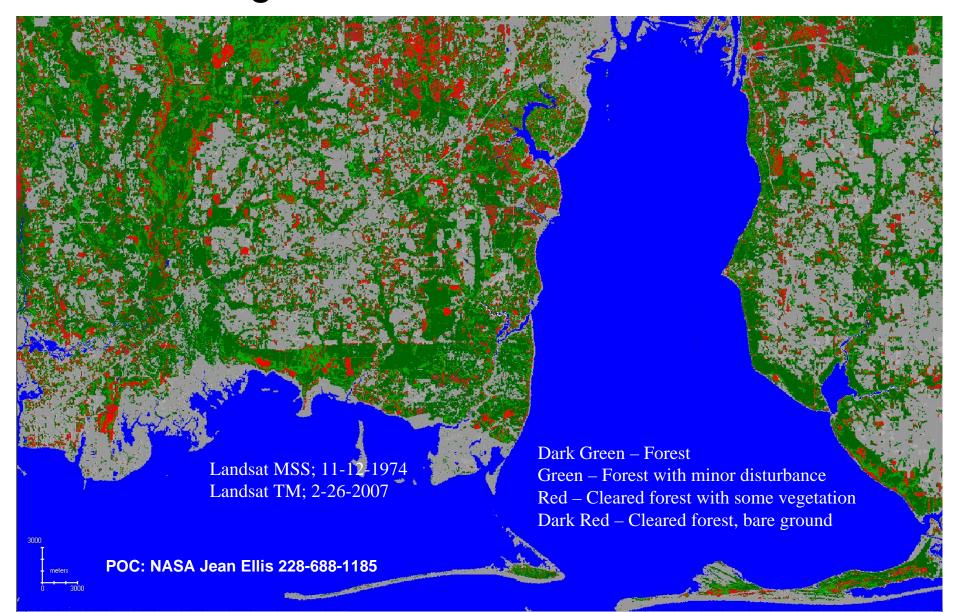
Decision Support MODEL Oyster Reef Closure



- DMR officials close oyster reefs at high fecal coliform levels
- Fecal coliform correlated to relative solar radiation, cloud cover, SST, river runoff (turbidity) and salinity
- NRL Stennis provides MODISderived solar radiation, SST, turbidity, salinity products to NOAA/NCDDC
- NOAA/NCDDC provides these data to Mississippi DMR for use in their fecal coliform decision tools for oyster reefs

POC: NRL/Bob Arnone 228-688-5268

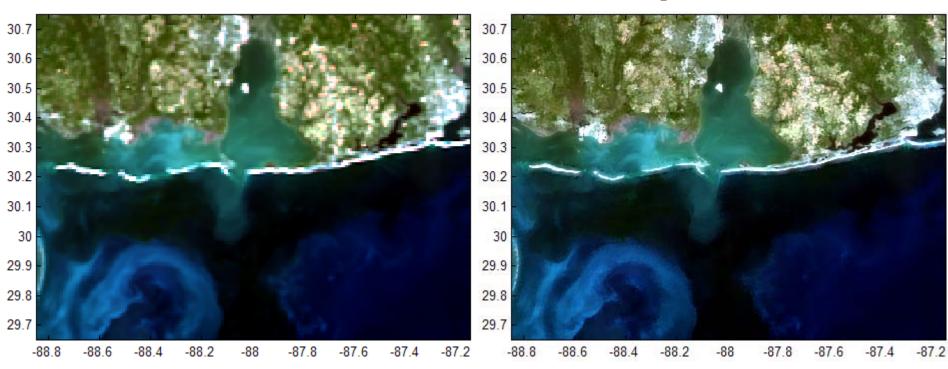
Mobile Bay Changes in 1974 Forest as of 2007



Detecting Suspended Sediments with MODIS

MODIS 1000m

Pan Sharpened MODIS 250m

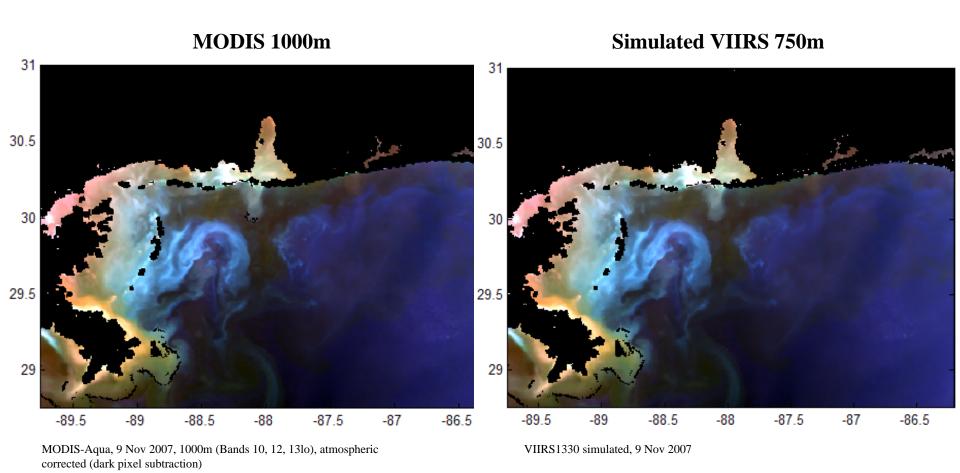


MODIS-Aqua, 9 Nov 2007, RGB (Bands 10,12, 13lo)

MODIS-Aqua, 9 Nov 2007, MODIS Ocean Color bands (1000m) fused with the mean of the Red and NIR bands (250m) using local mean and variance matching filtering techniques. Pan sharpened MODIS data products were used for VIIRS simulations.

POC: NASA/Jean Ellis 228-688-1185

Detecting Suspended Sediments with MODIS and Simulated VIIRS

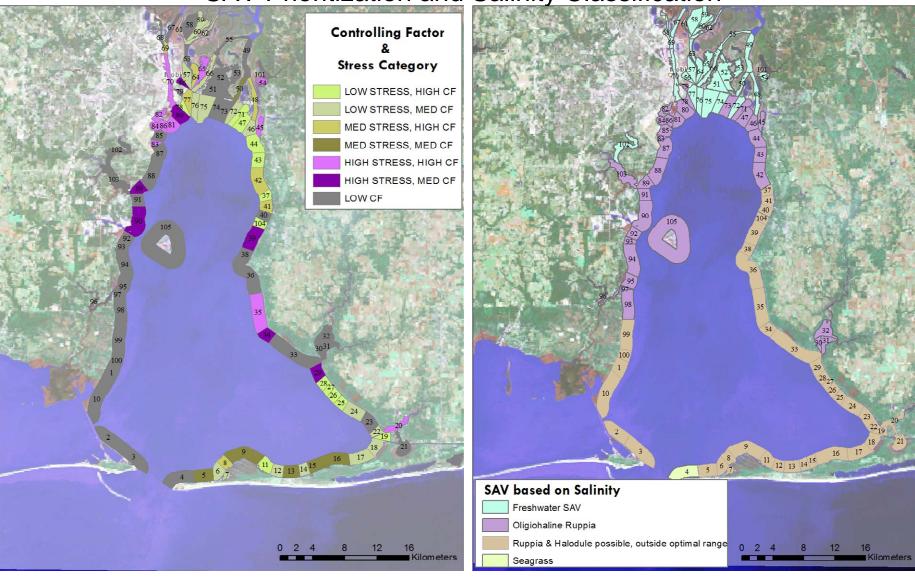


POC: NASA/Jean Ellis 228-688-1185

Gulf of Mexico Regional Collaborative (GOMRC)

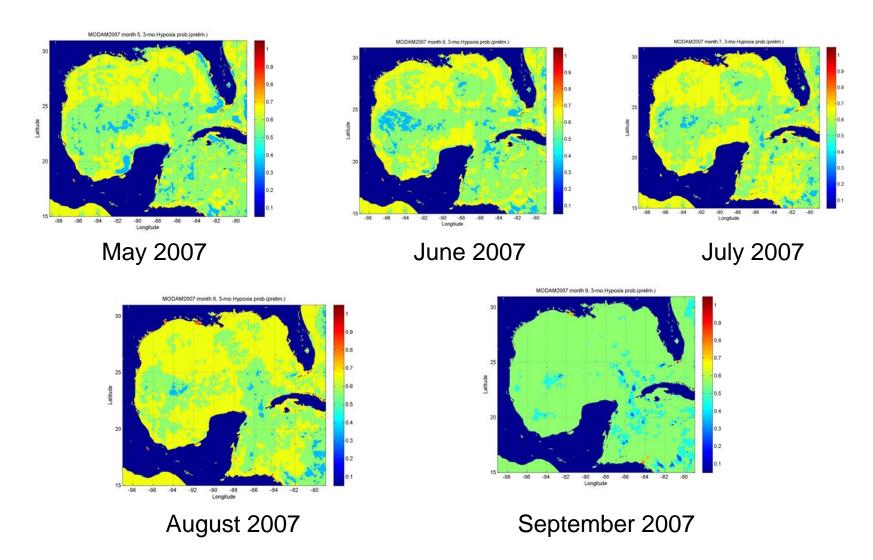
Restoration Prioritization Toolset Demo:

SAV Prioritization and Salinity Classification



POC: NASA/Jean Ellis 228-688-1185

Preliminary Hypoxia Probabilities



POC: NASA/Callie Hall 228-688-1918



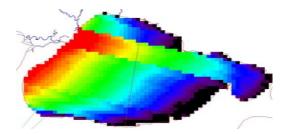
Coastal Water Quality

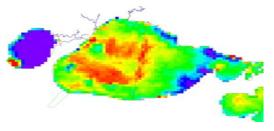
Resuspension and Particle Transport

Application of remote sensing and a shallow-water wave model to identify bottom sediment resuspension so that the mobilization and transport of particles and particle-coupled pollutants can be routinely monitored









Lake Pontchartrain, LA

POC: NASA/Rick Miller 228-688-1904

COAST:

Coastal Online Assessment and Synthesis Tool

COAST

Integrating the most appropriate and useful tools from other **World Wind** derivatives and sources into a new code compilation that maps datasets pertinent to coastal research purposes

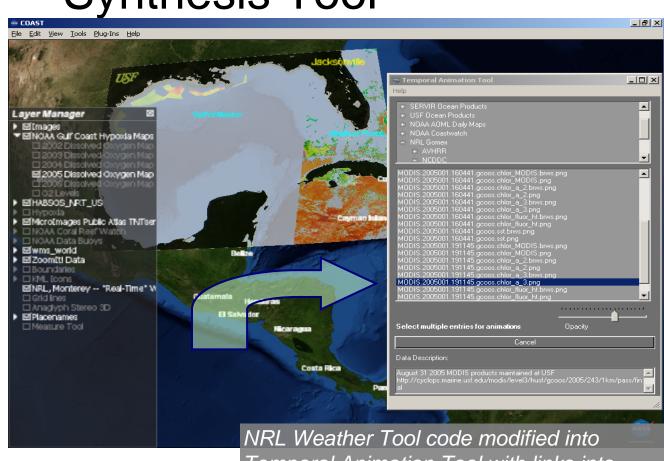
In other words...

If good extensible tools are already made and are open source...

Collaborate, borrow, modify, and recompile.

And save man-hours.

POC: NASA/Richard Brown 228-688-1236



Temporal Animation Tool with links into Hypoxia related online data directories from: SERVIR, USF, NOAA AOML, NOAA Coastwatch, NRL Stennis, and local data



NASA ROSES Solicitation



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A.28 <u>EARTH SCIENCE FOR DECISION MAKING: GULF OF MEXICO REGION</u> **Amended on June 26, 2008. This amendment introduces a new ROSES-2008 program element. Proposals are due September 30, 2008.**

Overview

NASA solicits proposals that develop and demonstrate innovative and practicable applications of NASA Earth science observations, models, and research to support resource management, planning, and decision making activities in the Gulf of Mexico Region.

Programmatic Information

Total Amount of Funding	\$4M total
Anticipated Number of Awards	10 – 25 projects
Expected Range of Award per project	\$150K - \$400K total
Period of Performance	up to 24 months
Expected Project Start Date	circa January 1, 2009

Partner in-kind contributions strongly encouraged. However, partner funding does not count toward funding level guidelines.



The Road Ahead



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- FY08 focused on building partnerships
- Complete FY08 project plan on schedule and cost
- FY09 Project Plan will factor in Lessons Learned
- Drafting a 3 5 year Strategic Plan
- How to utilize University Affiliated Research Center



Attract a Competitive Workforce



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> Strategic Alignment

Align human capital management strategies with Applied Sciences Coastal Initiative's goals, and objectives

> Talent Management

Address competency gaps, and then implement programs to attract, develop, and retain quality talent. FIND THE RIGHT PEOPLE.

> Results-Oriented Performance Culture

Promote high-performing workforce by implementing and maintaining effective performance reviews.

